

Opportunity Title: Relating satellite microwave observations of precipitation and the large-scale environment to improve the understanding and predicting of tropical cyclones

Opportunity Reference Code: 0261-NPP-NOV26-JPL-EarthSci

Organization National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

Reference Code 0261-NPP-NOV26-JPL-EarthSci

How to Apply All applications must be submitted in [Zintellect](#)

Please visit the NASA Postdoctoral Program website for application instructions and requirements: [How to Apply | NASA Postdoctoral Program \(orau.org\)](#).

A complete application to the NASA Postdoctoral Program includes:

1. Research proposal
2. Three letters of recommendation
3. Official doctoral transcript documents

Application Deadline 11/1/2026 6:00:59 PM Eastern Time Zone

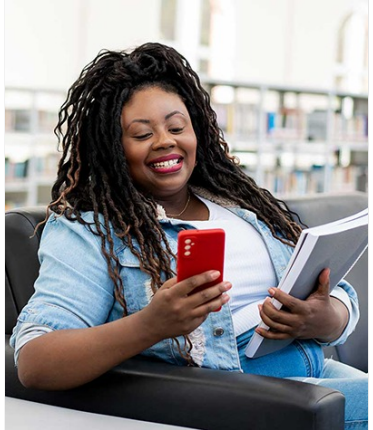
Description About the [NASA Postdoctoral Program](#)

The [NASA Postdoctoral Program \(NPP\)](#) offers unique research opportunities to highly-talented scientists to engage in ongoing NASA research projects at a NASA Center, NASA Headquarters, or at a NASA-affiliated research institute. These one- to three-year fellowships are competitive and are designed to advance NASA's missions in space science, Earth science, aeronautics, space operations, exploration systems, and astrobiology.

Description:

Tropical Cyclones (TCs) are the product of complex multi-scale processes and interactions. The role of the environment has long been recognized. However, recent advances in analyzing and predicting the evolution of TCs suggest that the distribution and intensity of convective activity in the storm have an important role in determining the storm's evolution, intensity and size. Yet, understanding of these processes and non-linear interactions is still lacking. The research community foresees that future progress will come with properly accounting for the observations of *the environment* and of *the inner-core processes* which themselves are influenced by the environment (e.g. moisture, shear, etc.). This brings to the forefront the need to investigate the important role of the convective organization, particularly with respect to the dynamically-significant vortex structure and environmental shear.

Forecasting TC evolution today is very often focused on analyzes of the cloud patterns in IR geostationary data. However, IR observations are mostly sensitive to the cloud shield and cannot properly reveal the details in the dynamically-significant organization of the deep and intense convection that grows under this cloud shield. Observations from low-Earth-orbit (LEO) microwave radiometers, readily available today, can provide the missing



Whether you are just starting your career or already at a senior level, ORAU offers internships, fellowships, research opportunities, and contract positions that can provide you with invaluable experience. Download the ORAU Pathfinder mobile app and find the right opportunity to propel you along your career path!

Visit ORAU Pathfinder [↗](#)



Opportunity Title: Relating satellite microwave observations of precipitation and the large-scale environment to improve the understanding and predicting of tropical cyclones

Opportunity Reference Code: 0261-NPP-NOV26-JPL-EarthSci

information. The challenge to understanding the role convection plays in TC evolution is in relating the IR data to the convective organization revealed by the passive microwave observations, to improve the analysis of these storms (amount, intensity and organization of convection in relation to different IR-detected cloud patterns). Establishing relationships between the large-scale environment and the storm-scale organization of convection will help improve the predictability of TC evolution in the near term.

The successful candidate will collect a comprehensive set of satellite observations of named Tropical Storms and tropical depressions from 1999 – 2022. The dataset will include: geostationary IR data; passive microwave observations from LEO satellites; concurrent reanalysis fields. She/he will develop analyses tools and metrics to test several hypotheses presented in the literatures and then develop new hypotheses, if needed. He/she will join a group of scientists working on similar research and will collaborate with them. He/she will prepare journal papers and participate in the development of new proposals.

References:

- Haddad, Z. S., R. Sawaya, S. Kacimi, O.O. Sy, F. J. Turk and J. Steward, 2017: Interpreting mm-wave radiances over tropical convective clouds. J. Geophys. Res. ? Atmos. 122, 1650-1654 (doi:10.1002/2016JD025923)
- Haddad, Z. S., O.O. Sy, S. Hristova-Veleva, and G.L. Stephens, 2017: Derived observations from frequently-sampled microwave measurements of precipitation. Part I: Relations to atmospheric thermodynamics. IEEE Trans. Geosci. Rem. Sens. 55, 3441-3453 (doi: 10.1109/TGRS.)
- Hristova-Veleva, S. M., Z. S. Haddad, B. W. Stiles, T. P. J. Shen, N. Niamsuwan, F. J. Turk, P. P. Li, B. W. Knosp, Q. A. Vu, [B. H. Lambrigtsen](#), and W. L. Poulsen, 2016: Possible predictors for the rapid intensification and evolution of hurricanes from near-coincident satellite observations of the structure of precipitation and surface winds: Hurricane Joaquin, *32nd AMS Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology*, San Juan, PR <https://ams.confex.com/ams/32Hurr/webprogram/Paper293955.html>
- Hristova-Veleva, S. M., and Coauthors, 2020: An eye on the storm: Integrating a wealth of data for quickly advancing the physical understanding and forecasting of tropical cyclones. Bull. Amer. Meteor. Soc., 101, <https://doi.org/10.1175/BAMS-D-19-0020.1>
- Hristova-Veleva, S., Z. Haddad, A. Chau, B. W. Stiles, F. J. Turk, P. P. Li, B. Knosp, Q. Vu, T.-P. Shen, B. Lambrigtsen, E.-K. Seo, H. Su, 2021: "Impact of microphysical parameterizations on simulated hurricanes: Using multiparameter satellite data to determine the Particle Size Distributions that produce most realistic storms". *Atmosphere* **2021**, 12, 154. <https://doi.org/10.3390/atmos12020154>
- Kieper, M. E., and H. Jiang, 2012: Predicting tropical cyclone rapid intensification using the 37 Ghz ring pattern identified from passive microwave measurements, Geophys. Res. Lett., 39, L13804, doi:10.1029/2012GL052115.
- Lonfat, M., F.D. Marks, and S.S.Chen, 2004: "Precipitation Distribution in

Opportunity Title: Relating satellite microwave observations of precipitation and the large-scale environment to improve the understanding and predicting of tropical cyclones

Opportunity Reference Code: 0261-NPP-NOV26-JPL-EarthSci

Tropical Cyclones using the Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission (TRMM) microwave imager : A Global Perspective" Mon.Wea.Review 132(7) p.1645-1660 (July 2004)

Nolan, D., 2011: Evaluating environmental favorableness for tropical cyclone development with the method of point downscaling. *J. Adv. Model. Earth Syst.*, 3, M08001, doi:10.1029/2011MS000063.

Tao, D., and F. Zhang, 2014: Effect of environmental shear, sea-surface temperature and ambient moisture on the formation and predictability of tropical cyclones: an ensemble-mean perspective. *Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems*.

Wu, Longtao, H. Su, R. G. Fovell, B. Wang, J. T. Shen, B. H. Kahn, S. M. Hristova-Veleva, B. H. Lambrigtsen, E. J. Fetzer, J. H. Jiang, 2012: "Relationship of Environmental Relative Humidity with Tropical Cyclone Intensity and Intensification Rate over North Atlantic", *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 39, L20809, doi:10.1029/2012GL05

Field of Science: Earth Science

Advisors:

Svetla Hristova-Veleva
svetla.hristova@jpl.nasa.gov
818-354-7314

Joe Turk
joseph.turk@jpl.nasa.gov
818-354-0315

Applications with citizens from Designated Countries will not be accepted at this time, unless they are Legal Permanent Residents of the United States. A complete list of Designated Countries can be found at: <https://www.nasa.gov/oii/export-control>.

Eligibility is currently open to:

- U.S. Citizens;
- U.S. Lawful Permanent Residents (LPR);
- Foreign Nationals eligible for an Exchange Visitor J-1 visa status; and,
- Applicants for LPR, asylees, or refugees in the U.S. at the time of application with 1) a valid EAD card and 2) I-485 or I-589 forms in pending status

Questions about this opportunity? Please email npp@orau.org

Point of Contact [Mikeala](#)

Eligibility Requirements • **Degree:** Doctoral Degree.